

2025 TREE SALE ORDER FORM

Preble Soil & Water Conservation District

# Units Ordered	Description	Size in inches	# Per Unit	Price Per Unit	Total \$
Conifers					
	White Pine	7-10	10	\$10.00	
	Norway Spruce	10-18	10	\$10.00	
	Bald Cypress	12-18	5	\$12.00	
Large Trees					
	Tulip Poplar	12-18	5	\$12.00	
	Red Oak	12-18	5	\$10.00	
	White Oak	12-18	5	\$10.00	
	Shagbark Hickory	12-18	5	\$20.00	
	Black Gum	12-18	5	\$12.00	
	Sugar Maple	12-18	5	\$12.00	
Small Trees					
	White Flowering Dogwood	12-18	5	\$12.00	
	Washington Hawthorn	12-18	5	\$12.00	
	Eastern Hophornbeam	12-18	5	\$16.00	
	Sassafras	12-18	5	\$16.00	
Shrubs					
	Sweet Shrub (Carolina Allspice)	12-18	5	\$12.00	
	Winterberry	12-18	5	\$12.00	
	Red Currant	12-18	5	\$16.00	
	Spicebush	12-18	5	\$12.00	
Ground Cover/Vine					
	American Bittersweet	12-18	5	\$12.00	
Perennials					
	Blanket Flower 'Arizona Red'	#1 pot	1	\$10.00	
	Coreopsis 'Crème Brule'	#1 pot	1	\$10.00	
	New England Aster	#1 pot	1	\$10.00	
	Perennial Pack - One of each	#1 pot	3	\$28.00	
Other Items					
	Marking Flags	36"	20	\$5.00	
	2024 Preble County Plat Book		1	\$30.00	
Sales tax is included with the price. Please do us a favor and double-check your math.				Grand Total	

An average order of 1-2 year-old bare-root stock will fit in a grocery bag. You won't need a trailer to haul these home. All species are subject to availability.

Items are ordered in units (i.e. one unit of Norway Spruce is 10 trees). Calculate the total amount of the order at the bottom of the form. Spend a little time now and a lot of confusion later by double-checking your math.

Orders must be picked up on Wednesday, April 9th between 7:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. at the Preble SWCD Office. A postcard reminder will be sent with more details. If you have further questions regarding your order, please contact Preble SWCD at (937) 456-5159.

For more details and photos of the species, try these websites:

www.prebleswcd.org

plants.usda.gov/index.html

www.hort.uconn.edu/plants

www.missouribotanicalgarden.org/plantfinder/plantfindersearch.aspx

**Please remit order form
with payment to:**

**Preble SWCD
2789 US RT 35 E.
West Alexandria, OH 45381**

**All orders must be
accompanied by cash or check
and received by:
Friday, March 7, 2025**

Thank you for your order!

Please complete ALL of the lines below to help us process your order:

Name: _____

Address: _____

City: _____ State: _____ ZIP: _____

Phone: _____

What other species would you like to see offered in the future? _____

Plant Descriptions

White Pine – Thin, flexible needles in bunches of 5 are light green and 4" long. Conical form when young, losing a defined shape with age. Grows 50' to 100' tall. Prefers moist, well-drained, slightly acidic soil in full sun. Fast growing.

Norway Spruce – Dense, dark green needles never get longer than 1". Grows 75' to 100' tall. It is one of the fastest growing of the spruces. Horizontal branches produce 'skirts' hanging down with age. Grows on most sites with average soil conditions.

Baldcypress – A deciduous conifer, meaning it drops its needles every fall. Native to southern U.S., it does well in wet soils where moisture is abundant year-round. Can reach heights of more than 100', with a massive, tapered trunk 3' to 6' in diameter. Bark is thin and fibrous. Moderate growth rate and long-lived. In standing water conditions, it will develop 'knees' growing above the water.

Tulip Poplar – Also called Tuliptree, Tulip Magnolia, and Yellow Poplar. Fast grower to 70' to 90' in height and 35' to 50' in width. Light yellow flowers begin blooming in May, but are less than noticeable. Leaves have a tulip shape, and turn golden yellow in fall. Prefers deep, moist, fertile soil, and full sun.

Red Oak – A popular shade and street tree that does well in city conditions. Easily transplanted. One of the most rapidly-growing oaks, reaching heights of 60' to 90'. Has a rounded crown with spreading branches. Tolerates a wide variety of moist to dry soil conditions. The most valuable lumber tree of the red oak family.

White Oak – Tree can grow 60' to 80' tall, becoming as wide as it is tall. Wide-spreading branching pattern with rounded crown when mature. Produces numerous acorns. Fall color develops late and is a long-lasting purple-red. This is one of the most attractive oak trees and is slow-growing. Grows best with full sun in acidic soil.

Shagbark Hickory – Well-known for its distinctive loose-plated bark, the nuts of this tree are relished by many species of birds and mammals. Very attractive yellow fall color. The wood is known for its strength, toughness, hardness, and stiffness. Moderately slow growing with a straight trunk 70' to 80' tall. Prefers full sun to part shade and deep, well-drained soil.

Black Gum – A medium-sized tree growing from 30' to 60' tall, it does well in wet or dry habitats. Its bark is deeply checkered with an alligator pattern. Fall color is bright red. The winter form of the younger trees is very attractive. The dark-blue berries are consumed by birds and mammals. Recommended as a replacement for Ash trees.

Sugar Maple – This valuable ornamental and shade tree is best known for the sugar content of its sap, used to make syrup. Fall color is a brilliant yellow, orange, or red. It grows up to 100' tall, with a dense, spreading crown. The light-gray bark becomes darker and more furrowed with age. This long-lived tree is shade-tolerant but needs full sun for proper landscape development. Prefers well-drained, moist soils.

White Flowering Dogwood – One of the most popular of our native trees, it has four season appeal with its white flowers, red berries, crimson fall color, bark texture, and branching character. All parts of the flowering dogwood are consumed by wildlife. It attracts chipmunks, squirrels, birds, foxes, skunks, rabbits, and deer. This tree reaches a height of 40 feet and grows in full sun to partial shade in well-drained soil.

Washington Hawthorn – One of the showiest and most desirable hawthorns. Grows to 30' tall with short trunk and symmetrical crown of upright branches. Zigzag twigs have slender spines. Tree produces many small red fruits and has brilliant scarlet or orange autumn color after many other trees have dropped their leaves. Grows in a variety of soil conditions.

Eastern Hophornbeam - A rather slow-growing tree, reaching only 10 to 15 feet tall over 15 years, Eastern hophornbeam is a small to medium understory tree. The wood is incredibly durable and has been used for tool handles. It does not demand much light and prefers a partial to deep shade. It tolerates drought and heavy clay soils making it low maintenance and appropriate for urban settings.

Sassafras – Leaves take on a variety of forms, described as: fork, spoon, and mitten-shaped. Roots are used to flavor tea and root beer. Reaches 60' tall, with an irregular form. Male and female flowers develop on separate trees, and multiple trees must be established in the same area to ensure pollination. Trees often sucker out to form thickets. Fall color ranges from yellow to red. Does best in moist, fertile soils in partial to full shade.

Sweet Shrub (Carolina Allspice) – Grows 6'-12' tall and wide along riverbanks and shaded woodlands. Small red flowers release a wonderful fragrance from April to July, leaving a brown urn-shaped capsule containing seed for Fall and Winter. A very hardy plant that grows in almost any condition, prefers just a little shade in the afternoon. Deer resistant.

Winterberry – A deciduous member of the holly family, it ranges from 6' to 15' in height. It tends to sucker out into a multiple stemmed shrub, with green to dark-green leaves. The glossy, bright red fruit which persists into winter is only present on female plants. Grows in full sun to part shade, and will tolerate wet soils.

Red Currant – Currant bushes prefer partial to full sunlight and can grow in most types of soil. They are relatively low-maintenance plants and can also be used as ornamentation. The berries are rich in potassium and Vitamin C. Grows to 3.5 – 5' tall, 1 mature plant can produce 6 to 8 pounds of berries in a single growing season.

Spicebush – Grows up to 12' tall and wide. Clusters of tiny, aromatic, yellow flowers appear in spring before leaves. Bright red ½" long fruit is attractive to birds and remains after leaf drop. Light-green leaves have yellow fall color and are aromatic when crushed. Tolerates full sun to part shade. The caterpillar of the spicebush swallowtail butterfly feeds on the leaves. Plant several to ensure pollination.

American Bittersweet – Not to be confused with exotic bittersweets, this native produces excellent wildlife cover and aids in erosion control. The berry-like fruit provides winter food for wildlife such as pheasant, quail, rabbit, and squirrel. This ornamental generally grows close to the ground, but may reach a height of 20'. It can be trained to climb walls, fences, and trellises. Do not plant where it can climb favorable trees. Grows best in full sun.

Blanket Flower 'Arizona Red' – This member of the Aster family reaches 1.5 feet tall and wide and displays fuzzy gray-green foliage. Has vibrant red daisy-like blooms from late spring through fall. Seedheads left on plants are good food for birds and will allow plants to reseed themselves. Prefers full-sun, but tolerant of a variety of conditions.

Coreopsis 'Crème Brule' – This low-growing native perennial is perfect for flower beds and borders, reaching just 1 ½' tall. Cream Yellow-colored flowers on solitary stems are present from June to September. Deadheading will prolong bloom time. Plant will readily spread, but is not difficult to control. Tolerates poor soils and attracts butterflies. Full sun.

New England Aster – Plant is 3' to 6' tall with deep pink-purple blooms. Blooms from August to September. Easily grown in average, medium, well-drained soil in full sun. Prefers moist, rich soils. Easily grown from seed and may self-seed in the garden in optimum growing conditions. Plants may be cut to the ground after flowering to prevent any unwanted self-seeding and/or if foliage has become unsightly.