

2018 PLANT SALE ORDER FORM

Preble Soil & Water Conservation District

Please complete ALL of the lines below to help us process your order:

Name: _____

Address: _____

City: _____ State: _____ ZIP: _____

Phone: _____

All orders must be accompanied by cash or check and received by: Friday, March 23, 2018

Please remit order form with check payable to:
Preble SWCD
1651 N. Barron St.
Eaton, OH 45320-1021

Please use the order form at the left to place your order. Items are ordered in units (i.e. one packet of Norway Spruce is 10 trees). Calculate the total amount of the order at the bottom of the form.

All stock is bare-rooted seedlings, 1 to 2 years old. An average order will fit in a grocery bag (excluding perennials). Plant species are subject to availability.

Orders must be picked up on Tuesday, April 10th between 7:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. at the Preble SWCD Office. Orders not picked up on this date will be considered as a donation to the SWCD Office. A postcard reminder will be sent with more details. If you have further questions regarding your order, please contact Preble SWCD at (937) 456-5159.

For more details and photos of the species offered, try these websites:

www.prebleswcd.org

plants.usda.gov/index.html

www.hort.uconn.edu/plants

www.missouribotanicalgarden.org/plantfinder/plantfindersearch.aspx

Description	Size	# Per Unit	# Units Ordered	Price Per Unit	Total \$
Conifers					
White Pine	7-10"	10		\$8.00	
Norway Spruce	6-10"	10		\$8.00	
Concolor Fir	5-10"	10		\$8.00	
American Arborvitae	8-15"	10		\$10.00	
Large Trees					
River Birch	12-18"	5		\$8.00	
Black Gum	12-18"	5		\$8.00	
Sugar Maple	12-18"	5		\$8.00	
Chestnut Oak	12-18"	5		\$8.00	
Small Trees & Shrubs					
Coralberry	12-18"	5		\$10.00	
American Hazelnut	12-18"	5		\$10.00	
Sweetbay Magnolia	12-18"	5		\$10.00	
Persimmon	12-18"	5		\$8.00	
Common Lilac	12-18"	5		\$8.00	
Redbud	12-18"	5		\$8.00	
Garden Plants					
Jersey Knight Asparagus	Crown	10		\$10.00	
Jewel Black Raspberry	Crown	5		Call for pricing	
Native Grass and Perennials					
Little Blue Stem	1 gal.	1		\$8.00	
Purple Coneflower	1 gal.	1		\$8.00	
Coreopsis 'Early Sunrise'	1 gal.	1		\$8.00	
Joe Pye Weed	1 gal.	1		\$8.00	
Blazing Star	1 gal.	1		\$8.00	
Perennial Assortment	1 gal.	5		\$35.00	
Other Items					
Pollinator Seed Mix	1 oz.	1		\$6.00	
Pollinator Seed Mix	1 lb.	1		\$65.00	
Marking Flags	36"	10		\$2.00	
2018 Preble County Plat Book		1		\$25.00	
Donation to SWCD					
Grand Total (Please double-check your math)					

What other species would you like to see offered in the future? _____

Thank you for your order!

Plant Descriptions

White Pine – Thin, flexible needles in bunches of 5 are light green and 4" long. Conical form when young, losing a defined shape with age. Grows 50' to 100' tall. Prefers moist, well-drained, slightly acidic soil in full sun. Fast growing.

Norway Spruce – Dense, dark green needles never get longer than 1". Grows 75' to 100' tall. It is one of the fastest growing of the spruces. Horizontal branches produce 'skirts' hanging down with age. Grows on most sites with average soil conditions.

Concolor Fir – Silvery blue-green needles are 2" to 3" long. Long-lived evergreen can reach heights of 60' to 200'. Ashy-gray bark can be 4" to 7" thick on older trunks, with deep furrows. Prefers deep, moist soils and tolerates shade. Grows slowly at first, then growth quickens after about 30 years.

American Arborvitae – Also known as white cedar, this evergreen is scale-leaved, as opposed to having needles like most other evergreens. Growing up to 50' tall and 15' wide, it is commonly used for hedges and windbreaks, as well as for wildlife habitat. This tree prefers full sun but is very adaptable to a variety of sites and will tolerate somewhat wet soils.

River Birch – This tree is best known for its peeling bark that can range from ivory to copper-colored. Once established, it typically grows 1.5 to 3 feet per year, reaching a height of 40 to 70 feet. It grows best in moist areas along streams or in lower elevations, tolerating a wide range of soil types. It does not tolerate shade.

Black Gum – A medium-sized tree growing from 30' to 60' tall, it does well in wet or dry habitats. Its bark is deeply checkered with an alligator pattern. Fall color ranges from yellow to maroon. The winter form of the younger trees is very attractive. The dark-blue berries are consumed by birds and mammals.

Sugar Maple – This valuable ornamental and shade tree is best known for the sugar content of its sap, used to make syrup. Fall color is a brilliant yellow, orange, or red. It grows up to 100' tall, with a dense, spreading crown. The light-gray bark becomes darker and more furrowed with age. This long-lived tree is shade-tolerant but needs full sun for proper landscape development. Prefers well-drained, moist soils.

Chestnut Oak – This is one of the most attractive oaks for landscape uses. The 4" to 8" long leaves resemble those of the Chestnut. The nearly black bark is deeply furrowed and very ornamental. It grows to 70' tall at maturity with an upright rounded shape. This tree is long lived and valuable as a shade tree. It has a moderate growth rate, preferring full sun and well-drained soil.

Coralberry – A small shrub reaching 2-5' tall and 4-8' wide. Pinkish white flowers in clusters on spikes produce round, coral-red berries which mature in October and persist through winter. Prefers well-drained soil and full sun to part shade. Great for naturalizing areas as it spreads by runners and root suckers.

American Hazelnut – Produces the valuable sweet nut also known as a Filbert, maturing in July or August. Growing 8' to 10' tall, it is often spreads in patches and will grow in sun or shade and in a variety of soil conditions. Great for naturalizing. Squirrels, deer, and many species of birds consume the nut.

Sweetbay Magnolia – Also known as Laurel Magnolia, usually a small tree growing 10-20' tall. Shiny-green and smooth, oval leaves are 3-5" long and drop in the fall in the northern states. 2-3" diameter very fragrant white flowers appear May and June. Prefers low, wet areas along streams and bodies of water. Slow growth rate.

Persimmon – Known for its fruit which ripens late in the fall, after the leaves have fallen. Usually a small tree reaching 40' to 50' tall, with a broad crown. Fruit attracts wildlife. Will often form dense thickets from suckers. Leaves are 2" to 5 1/2" long and shiny dark-green, turning yellow to red in the fall. Bark is divided into squarish blocks. Prefers full sun and sandy, well-drained soil, but grows in many soil conditions. Plant several to ensure pollination.

Common Lilac – Upright shrub producing showy, fragrant lavender flowers. Can grow up to 15' tall. Lilac can be planted as a specimen or in groupings. It prefers full sun and does not tolerate poorly-drained soil.

Redbud – Small tree 20' to 30' tall and spreading 25' to 35' wide, with dark-green heart-shaped leaves on zig-zag stems. Showy pink-purple flowers bloom in late April to early May. Tree often divides into several branches near the ground, creating a broad, spreading shape. Autumn foliage is yellow to yellow-green. Does well in full sun to light shade, in a wide variety of soil conditions.

Jersey Knight Asparagus – An all-male cultivar of asparagus known for being cold-hardy and disease-resistant. Belonging to the lily family, it is one of the first vegetables ready to harvest in the spring, and may produce for nearly two months straight. Prefers full sun and well-drained, fertile soil.

Jewel Black Raspberry – Black raspberries are native to the area and can be found growing wild in fencerows and along wooded areas. This hybrid produces an abundance of large berries and ripens in June and produces into early July. Winter hardy and disease resistant. Requires loamy, well-drained soils and full sun. Will bear fruit the second year.

Little Blue Stem -- This native ornamental grass would be a complement to every landscape! Clumps of fine foliage reach 3-4' in height and 2' in spread. Has small purplish-bronze seed heads in August which persist through winter. Excellent orange-bronze fall color. Tolerates poor soils, drought, and deer.

Purple Coneflower -- This classic native wildflower features showy daisy-like pinkish-purple coneflowers throughout summer months. Plant reaches 2 1/2-3' in height and has stiff stems. Is a good fresh cut or dried flower. Dead flowers serve as great food for wildlife if left into winter. Tolerates poor soils and attracts butterflies. Full sun to part shade.

Coreopsis 'Early Sunrise' -- This low-growing native perennial is perfect for flower beds and borders, reaching just 1 1/2' tall. Deep yellow double flowers on solitary stems are present in summer months. Deadheading will prolong bloom time. Plant will readily spread, but is not difficult to control. Tolerates poor soils and attracts butterflies. Full sun.

Joe Pye Weed -- This native perennial exhibits large mauve pink flower clusters on top of stems reaching 5' to 7' in height. Will grow in average soils, but ideal conditions are moist to wet. Attracts butterflies. Dead flowers are good food for wildlife in winter. Full sun to part shade.

Blazing Star -- This tall, upright, clump forming perennial features grass-like foliage and reaches 2' in height. Spike flower heads of vivid purple flowers may reach up to 12" in height. Somewhat tolerant of poor soils, but prefers moist, fertile ones. Ideal for rain gardens and cut flowers. Attracts butterflies and birds including hummingbirds. Full sun. Native.

Perennial Assortment – One each of Little Blue Stem, Purple Coneflower, Coreopsis, Joe Pye Weed, and Blazing Star.

Pollinator Seed Mix – This mix of native and naturalized wildflowers and grasses is designed to attract native bees, butterflies, and hummingbirds. Contains 26 different species including coneflowers, lupine, daisy, milkweeds, bergamot, coreopsis, and aster. 1 oz. covers approximately 125 sq. ft.; 1 lb. covers 2,000 sq. ft.

Marking Flags – 36" tall, pink flags are visible almost anywhere. Great for marking tree seedlings, field plots, garden rows, tile holes, and more. These flags can prevent a disease known as lawnmower blight which is known to affect tree seedlings.

Plat Book – Recently updated for 2018. Layout includes color aerial photos on left pages and land ownership on right pages.